

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

- | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| - Trade name | ALKAMULS EGDS 515/V |
| - Synonyms | Ethylene glycol distearate |
| - CAS-No. | 627-83-8 |

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Uses of the Substance/Mixture

- Pearllizing agent
- Cosmetics, personal care products

Remarks

- For professional and industrial installation and use only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Solvay (Zhenjiang) Chemicals Co., Ltd.
No. 66, Song Lin Shan Road, Zhenjiang New Area, Zhenjiang, Jiangsu, China 212006.
Tel.: +86 511 8530 5200
Fax : +86 511 8530 5295 (Aroma)
Fax : +86 511 8530 7028 (Peroxide)

E-mail address

manager.sds@solvay.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

400 120 6011 (toll-free, access from China only)
China (Domestic Only): +86 532 8388 9090 (Qingdao)
MULTI LINGUAL EMERGENCY NUMBER (24/7)
Europe/Latin America/Africa: +44 1235 239 670 (UK)
Middle East/Africa speaking Arabic: +44 1235 239 671 (UK)
Asia Pacific : +65 3158 1074 (Singapore)
China : 400 120 6011 (toll-free, access from China only)
North America : +1 800 424 9300

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Emergency overview

<u>Appearance</u>	<u>Form:</u>	Flakes.
	<u>Physical state:</u>	solid (77 °F (25 °C))
	<u>Colour:</u>	white to pale yellow.
	<u>Odour</u>	slight

2.2 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification and Labeling: Follow GB 13690, GB 15258 and GB 30000.2 to GB 30000.29 (GHS 2011)

- Not classified as hazardous product under the regulation above.

2.3 Label elements

GHS Classification and Labeling: Follow GB 13690, GB 15258 and GB 30000.2 to GB 30000.29 (GHS 2011)

- Not required to be labelled under the local regulation including regulation above.

2.4 Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substance

Information on Components and Impurities

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Identification number	GHS Classification	Concentration [%]
Glycol monostearate	111-60-4	Not applicable	Not classified	$\geq 15 - < 20$
Stearic acid	57-11-4	Not applicable	Not classified	$\geq 1 - < 5$

3.2 Mixture

- Not applicable, this product is a substance.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

- First aider needs to protect himself.
- Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
- Place affected clothing in a sealed bag for subsequent decontamination.
- When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

In case of inhalation

- Move to fresh air.
- Keep at rest.
- Consult a physician if necessary.

In case of skin contact

- Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.
- Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.
- Use a mild soap if available.
- If skin irritation occurs, seek medical advice/attention.

In case of eye contact

- Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
- If eye irritation persists, consult a physician

In case of ingestion

- Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.
- Rinse mouth with water.
- Do not give anything to drink.
- Keep at rest.
- Consult a physician if necessary.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- no data available

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- no data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

- Extinguishing media - small fires
- Multi-purpose powders
- Extinguishing media - large fires
- Alcohol Resistant Aqueous Film Forming Foam (AR-AFFF)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

- High pressure inert gas, e.g. carbon dioxide jet.
(Avoid dispersal of dust in the air)
- Water may be ineffective.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting

- The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat.
- Combustible. However, does not present any particular risk in the event of a fire.
- Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions.
- High concentrations of toxic or harmful products may remain in the residual liquid once the fire has been extinguished.

Hazardous combustion products:

- Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons (smoke).

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

- Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Personal protective equipment comprising: suitable protective gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing

Specific fire fighting methods

- Stay upwind.
- Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.
- Use appropriate means for fighting adjacent fires.
- Cool down the containers/equipment exposed to heat with a water spray. Ensure that there is NO direct contact between the water and the product.

Further information

- Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
- If this product is on fire, do not use water to extinguish.

- Intervention only by capable personnel who are trained and aware of the hazards of the product.
- Never approach containers which have been exposed to fire, without cooling them sufficiently.
- Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
- Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.
- Wear chemical resistant personal protective equipment
- Wear suitable gloves.
- Wear suitable protective clothing.
- Wear as appropriate:
 - Face-shield
 - Tightly fitting safety goggles
- In the case of dust or aerosol formation use respirator with an approved filter.
- In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an approved filter.
- Stop leak if safe to do so.
- For further information refer to section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- This material is a low melting point solid
- Take all necessary measures to avoid accidental discharge of products into drains and waterways due to the rupture of containers or transfer systems.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Contain the spilled material by bunding.
- The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- This material is a low melting point solid
- Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
- Stop leak if safe to do so.
- Dam up with sand or inert earth (do not use combustible materials).
- Shovel or sweep up.
- Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
- Never return spills in original containers for re-use.
- Molten form
- Allow to solidify.
- Wash with plenty of water and detergent.
- Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.
- Recover the cleaning water for subsequent disposal.
- Decontaminate tools, equipment and personal protective equipment in a segregated area.

- Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Additional advice

- No conditions to be specially mentioned.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
- Wear personal protective equipment.
- Wear suitable protective clothing.
- Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.
- Handling molten product:
 - Avoid splashes.
 - Avoid formation of aerosol.
- If it is handled as a liquid, there is significant hazard of 1st, 2nd and 3rd degree burns
- For personal protection see section 8.

Hygiene measures

- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
- Use clean, well-maintained personal protection equipment.
- Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
- Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
- Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- The user is responsible for monitoring the working environment in accordance with local laws and regulations.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/Storage conditions

- Take all necessary measures to avoid accidental discharge of products into drains and waterways due to the rupture of containers or transfer systems.
- Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
- Keep away from incompatible materials to be indicated by the manufacturer
- Keep away from: Hazardous reactions may occur on contact with certain chemicals. (Refer to the list of incompatible materials section 10: Stability-Reactivity).

Packaging material

Suitable material

- Plastic materials.

- Stainless steel
- Coated metals.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- no data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Components with other occupational exposure limits

Components	Value type	Value	Basis
Glycol monostearate	TWA	10 mg/m ³	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Form of exposure : Inhalable particulate matter			
Glycol monostearate	TWA	3 mg/m ³	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Form of exposure : Respirable particulate matter			
Stearic acid	TWA	10 mg/m ³	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Form of exposure : Inhalable particulate matter			
Stearic acid	TWA	3 mg/m ³	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Form of exposure : Respirable particulate matter			

8.2 Exposure controls

Control measures

Engineering measures

- Effective exhaust ventilation system
- Ensure adequate ventilation.
- Extract at emission point.
- Ensure that extracted air cannot be returned to the workplace through the ventilation system.
- Handling molten product:
- Avoid splashes.
- Avoid formation of aerosol.

Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection

- This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation.
- Respirator must be worn if exposed to dust.

Hand protection

- Where there is a risk of contact with hands, use appropriate gloves
- Gloves must be inspected prior to use.

- Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.
- Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.
- Use only personal protective equipment that conforms to international/ national standards (KOSHA, etc.).

Suitable material

- Neoprene
- Nitrile rubber
- butyl-rubber

Eye protection

- Tightly fitting safety goggles
- Face-shield
- Handling molten product:
 - Face-shield

Skin and body protection

- Full protective suit
- Footwear protecting against chemicals
- Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hygiene measures

- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
- Use clean, well-maintained personal protection equipment.
- Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
- Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
- Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- The user is responsible for monitoring the working environment in accordance with local laws and regulations.

Protective measures

- Emergency equipment immediately accessible, with instructions for use.
- Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Selection of appropriate personal protective equipment should be based on an evaluation of the performance characteristics of the protective equipment relative to the task(s) to be performed, conditions present, duration of use, and the potential hazards and/or risks that may occur during use.
- The protective equipment must be selected in accordance with current local regulations and in cooperation with the supplier of the protective equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

- This material is a low melting point solid
- Take all necessary measures to avoid accidental discharge of products into drains and waterways due to the rupture of containers or transfer systems.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Contain the spilled material by bunding.
- The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Physical state</u>	solid (25 °C)
<u>Form</u>	Flakes.
<u>Colour</u>	white to pale yellow.

<u>Odour</u>	slight
<u>Odour Threshold</u>	No data available
<u>Melting point/freezing point</u>	<u>Melting point/range</u> : 58 - 65 °C
<u>Initial boiling point and boiling range</u>	<u>Boiling point/boiling range</u> : > 260 °C
<u>Flammability (solid, gas)</u>	No data available
<u>Flammability (liquids)</u>	No data available
<u>Flammability/Explosive limit</u>	No data available
<u>Flash point</u>	> 93.34 °C Seta closed cup
<u>Auto-ignition temperature</u>	No data available
<u>Decomposition temperature</u>	No data available
<u>pH</u>	No data available
<u>Viscosity</u>	No data available
<u>Solubility</u>	<u>Water solubility</u> : insoluble
<u>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</u>	No data available
<u>Vapour pressure</u>	0.13 hPa (25 °C) < 0.13 hPa (25 °C)
<u>Density</u>	ca. 0.9 g/cm ³ (25 °C)
<u>Relative density</u>	ca. 0.9 (25 °C)
<u>Relative vapor density</u>	No data available
<u>Particle characteristics</u>	No data available
<u>Evaporation rate (Butylacetate = 1)</u>	No data available

9.2 Other information

<u>Oxidizing properties</u>	Not considered as oxidizing, Structure-activity relationship (SAR)
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

- Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.

10.2 Chemical stability

- Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

- No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

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- Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
- Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

10.5 Incompatible materials

- Strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products

- On combustion or on thermal decomposition (pyrolysis) releases:
- Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons (smoke).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Oxyethylene distearate

LD50 : > 10,000 mg/kg - Rat , male

Not classified as hazardous for acute oral toxicity according to GHS.

Unpublished reports

Acute inhalation toxicity

No data available

Acute dermal toxicity

Oxyethylene distearate

By analogy

Not classified as hazardous for acute dermal toxicity according to GHS.

Unpublished reports

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Oxyethylene distearate

Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Not classified as irritating to skin

Unpublished reports

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Oxyethylene distearate

Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Not classified as irritating to eyes

Unpublished reports

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Oxyethylene distearate

Buehler Test - Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Unpublished reports

Mutagenicity

Genotoxicity in vitro

Oxyethylene distearate

Ames test
with and without metabolic activation

negative
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Product is not considered to be genotoxic
Unpublished reports

By analogy

Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Product is not considered to be genotoxic
Unpublished reports

By analogy

Gene mutation assays in mammalian cells.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Product is not considered to be genotoxic
Unpublished reports

Genotoxicity in vivo

Oxyethylene distearate

By analogy
In vivo micronucleus test - Mouse
male and female
Oral
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Product is not considered to be genotoxic
Unpublished reports

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Toxicity for reproduction and development

Toxicity to reproduction/Fertility

Oxyethylene distearate

By analogy
Two-generation study - Rat, male and female, Oral
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
no impairment of fertility has been observed, Unpublished reports

Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity

Oxyethylene distearate

By analogy
Rat, female, Oral
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
The product is not considered to be embryotoxic/foetotoxic., Unpublished reports

STOT

STOT - single exposure

Oxyethylene distearate

Exposure routes: Skin contact, Ingestion
The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure according to GHS criteria.
internal evaluation

STOT - repeated exposure

Oxyethylene distearate

Exposure routes: Ingestion
The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure according to GHS criteria.
internal evaluation

Oxyethylene distearate

By analogy

Oral 90 Days - Rat , male and female
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408
Not considered to cause serious damage to health on repeated exposure
Unpublished reports

Experience with human exposure
Aspiration toxicity

No data available
No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic Compartment

Acute toxicity to fish

Oxyethylene distearate

LC50 - 96 h : > 0.3 mg/l - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
semi-static test
Analytical monitoring: no

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
No toxicity at the limit of solubility
Unpublished reports

Acute toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

Oxyethylene distearate

No toxicity at the limit of solubility
Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Unpublished reports

Toxicity to aquatic plants

Oxyethylene distearate

No toxicity at the limit of solubility
Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Unpublished reports

Toxicity to microorganisms

No data available

Chronic toxicity to fish

No data available

Chronic toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

Oxyethylene distearate

No toxicity at the limit of solubility
Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Unpublished reports

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Abiotic degradation

No data available

**Physical- and photo-chemical
elimination**

No data available

Biodegradation

Biodegradability

Oxyethylene distearate

Inoculum: activated sludge

Inoculum: River water

Inoculum: Marine water

Ready biodegradability study:
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C
73 % - 28 d
The substance fulfills the criteria for ultimate aerobic biodegradability and ready biodegradability
Theoretical oxygen demand
Conc. in standard unit mg/l: 100 mg/l
Unpublished reports

Degradability assessment

Oxyethylene distearate

The product is considered to be rapidly degradable in the environment

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

No data available

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

Oxyethylene distearate

Species: *Lepomis macrochirus* (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 17
Exposure time: 28 d
Temperature: 16 °C
Concentration: 0.00029 mg/l
Not potentially bioaccumulable
Published data

12.4 Mobility in soil

Adsorption potential (Koc)

No data available

Known distribution to environmental compartments

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Oxyethylene distearate

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).
This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Ecotoxicity assessment

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard

According to the available data on the constituents
The product does not have any known adverse effects on the aquatic organisms tested

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

According to the available data on the constituents
Does not have any known long-term adverse effects on the aquatic organisms tested

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product Disposal

Prohibition

- Do not discharge directly into the environment.

- Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Advice on cleaning and disposal of packaging

Prohibition

- Do NOT dispose of untreated packaging with industrial waste.
- Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.
- Empty remaining contents.
- Clean using steam.
- Clean with the help of detergent. Avoid using any solvent.
- Monitor the residual vapours.
- Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.
- Containers that cannot be cleaned must be treated as waste.
- Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.
- Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.
- The recycled material must be completely dry and free of pollutants.

SECTION 14: Transport information

CN DG

not regulated

IMDG

not regulated

IATA

not regulated

Note: The above regulatory prescriptions are those valid on the date of publication of this sheet. Given the possible evolution of transport regulations for hazardous materials, it would be advisable to check their validity with your sales office.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Following last version of regulations are applicable for the chemical classification, SDS and label:

- General Rule for classification and hazard communication of chemicals, GB 13690
- Series standards of Safety rules for classification, precautionary labeling and precautionary statements of chemicals, GB 30000.2~GB 30000.29
- General rules for preparation of precautionary label for chemicals, GB 15258
- Safety data sheet for chemical products—Content and order of sections, GB/T 16483
- Decree No. 591 of the State Council of the People's Republic of China: Regulations on the Control over Safety of Hazardous Chemicals
- List of dangerous goods GB12268
- Classification and code of dangerous goods GB6944

Other regulations

- Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Notification status

Inventory Information	Status
United States TSCA Inventory	- All substances listed as active on the TSCA inventory
Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)	- Listed on Inventory
Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	- Listed on Inventory
Japan. CSCL - Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances	- Listed on Inventory
Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI)	- Listed on Inventory
China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	- Listed on Inventory
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	- Listed on Inventory
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	- Listed on Inventory
New Zealand. Inventory of Chemical Substances	- All components are listed on the NZIoC inventory. Additional HSNO obligations may apply. Please refer to Section 15 of SDS for New Zealand.
EU. European Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical (REACH)	- When purchased from a Solvay legal entity based in the EEA ("European Economic Area"), this product is compliant with the registration provisions of the REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as all its components are either excluded, exempt, and/or registered. When purchased from a legal entity outside of the EEA, please contact your local representative for additional information.
Korea. Act on Registration and Evaluation of Chemicals	- When purchased from a Solvay legal entity based in Korea, this product is compliant with "Act on Registration and Evaluation of Chemicals" (AREC or K-REACH, Article 10) as all its components are either excluded, exempt, and/or (pre)registered. When purchased from a legal entity outside of Korea, please contact your local representative for additional information.

SECTION 16: Other information

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

- TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
- ADR: European Agreement on International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

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- ADN: European Agreement on the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
- RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
- IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
- TWA: Time weighted average
- ATE: Estimated value of acute toxicity
- EC: European Community number
- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
- LD50: Substance that causes 50% (half) death in the test animals group (Median Fatal Dose).
- LC50: Substance concentration causing 50% (half) death in the test animals group.
- EC50: Effective Concentration of the substance causing the maximum of 50%.
- PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
- vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
- GHS/CLP/SEA: Classification, labeling, packaging regulation
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration
- STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

Not all acronyms listed above are referenced in this SDS.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. Such information is only given as a guidance to help the user handle, use, process, store, transport, dispose and release the product in satisfactory safety conditions and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. It should be used in conjunction with technical sheets but do not replace them. Thus, the information only relates to the designated specific product and may not be applicable if such product is used in combination with other materials or in any other manufacturing process, unless otherwise specifically indicated. It does not release the user from ensuring he is in conformity with all regulations linked to its activity.